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Simply the visible sign that baby's tiny bones are not forming rapidly enough.
Lack of nourishment is the cause.
Scott's Emulsion nourishes baby's entire system. Stimulates and makes bone. Exactly what baby needs.
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MOB ATTACKS MILITIA
WESTER STRIKE SYMPATHIZERS
RESENT PRESENCE OF
TROOPS.
MANY SHOTS ARE EXCHANGED
Mounted Constabulary Stand Their Ground and Charge Rioters, Riding Many of Them Down.

Chester, Pa., April 14.—A strike of conductors, motormen and other employees of the City Traction Co., followed by the importation of about 150 strike-breakers and the summoning of a detachment of the state constabulary to assist the local police in preventing violence, precipitated a series of clashes between strike sympathizers and state police Monday.

The state police were stoned and pelted and several officers and civilians were hurt, though none dangerously.

The events of the day have aroused the entire populace and the town is practically under martial law, with all the saloons closed and the street cars and other property of the traction company under guard.

The trouble started when a mob prepared to stop the running of cars by strike-breakers.

The first car out of the barn was stoned and every window in it broken. This absolutely tied up every line of cars in Chester, including the South-west trolley line to Philadelphia.

While the strikers held themselves in readiness to prevent the operation of cars, a detachment of 20 state police, under command of Capt. Groome, came upon the scene.

Their appearance aroused the ire of the strikers and the officers were stoned by the mob. Lieut. Charles Bernstein was rendered unconscious, but he was not dangerously hurt.

His co-workers came to the rescue and the strikers and their friends were driven back.

Several times thereafter the mounted state police were compelled to charge the crowds and there were violent riots, but the worst disturbance came at nightfall, when the strikers, augmented by several thousand men and women, charged the mounted police. A number of shots were fired and a horse belonging to Private Sullivan was shot from under him.

Louis Dunn, a civilian, was ridden down by one of the troops and seriously injured.

As one turned in an alarm of fire and the engines came clanging through the crowded streets, driving the people right and left. The crowd booed the constabulary and declared they would drive them out of town.

The firemen were instructed to turn the water on the strikers and they were finally subdued.

The situation, while serious, is believed to presage no great trouble and a report will be made Tuesday to arbitrate the differences with the strikers. The strike was precipitated by the union company announcing a 10 per cent reduction in wages.

Pensacola Is Quiet.
Pensacola, Fla., April 14.—With an air regiment of infantry and two machine guns here, an effort is being made to operate street cars Tuesday, after a suspension of service for eight days, due to the strike of street railway employees. Additional strike-breakers reached the city late Monday. There have been no demonstrations or disorders during the day and trouble is anticipated during the day.

NEGRO CROWDS HEAR FORAKER
COLORED RACE FILLS MORE THAN HALF OF SENATE GALLERY.

DEFENDS DISCHARGED BLACKS

Applause at End of Speech Defied the Gavel of Vice-President—President of Subject Calls Forth Congratulations.

Washington, April 15.—Applause that smothered the pounding of the vice-president's gavel attested the warmth of the reception given by the crowded galleries of the senate to the speech of Senator Foraker Tuesday in defense of the colored soldiers discharged without honor by the president because of their supposed connection with the Brownsville affair.

The day was made notable in the annals of senatorial oratory, as never in the history of the senate have the galleries been surrendered to members of the colored race, more than half the crowds that filled every available seat and standing room being occupied by them. They came early and secured the points of vantage in the galleries, except that gallery reserved for members of the families of the senators. The only seats unoccupied were those for the use of the president.

The senator began by saying that there evidently was a misapprehension concerning his speech and he read from a newspaper clipping to the effect that he was to deliver a three days' speech in denunciation of the president and the secretary of war.

He laughingly disavowed his intention to do either of the things charged against him. He proceeded to read his address, his voice ringing clear throughout the chamber, except that toward the end he showed slight signs of exhaustion. The utmost silence prevailed during nearly three hours. Then his final references to the part the colored race had taken in the military service of the country called forth smothered applause, and when, as he finished, there was resounding hand-clapping, which defied the gavel of the vice-president, and continued for several minutes.

As the ovation ended Vice-President Fairbanks made the usual announcement about the rules of the senate forbidding demonstrations in the galleries and the tardy restoration of order called forth general laughter.

Colleagues of the Ohio senator crowded around him, Senator Warner, whose bill for the re-enlistment of the negro soldiers he had antagonized, being the first to grasp his hand. One after another senators from both sides of the chamber congratulated him upon his presentation of the subject.

DELAWARE NAMES JUDGE GRAY.

Despite His Declination, He Is Chosen as Presidential Candidate.

Dover, Del., April 15.—Despite the written declaration of Judge George Gray that he could not under any circumstances consent to have the delegates instructed for him, the Delaware state convention Tuesday officially placed his name before the Democracy of the country as a candidate for that party's nomination for the presidency.

Judge Gray's declination contained in a letter to Thomas F. Bayard, chairman of the Democratic state committee, which was read before the convention, was a surprise to the delegates, but they did not hesitate an instant to place him in the field.

The platform declares for unfaltering devotion to state rights, criticizes the national administration and declares for a revision of the tariff.

Stormy Debate in Duma.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—After a stormy debate well nigh culminating in an open fight between the members of the ministerial party and the opposition, the duma at 12:30 a. m. passed the first reading of the bill authorizing the construction of the Amur railroad by a vote of 213 to 101 and proceeded to the second reading.

Pensacola Cars Running.

Pensacola, Fla., April 15.—For the first time in nine days cars were operated over two of the lines of the Pensacola Electric Co. Tuesday afternoon. State militia was lined up on both sides of the streets and, although there were frequent fears, no violence was attempted. At dark all cars were run into the barn.

Weather Indications.

Washington, April 15.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday: Missouri—Fair Wednesday; Thursday fair, warmer. Illinois—Fair Wednesday, colder in north portion; Thursday fair.

MORMONS FEAR OUTSIDERS.

Since Printing Plant Burned at Lamar, Ia., Publishing Has Stopped.

Kansas City, Mo., April 14.—The time of Monday's session of the world's conference of Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints at Independence, near here, was taken up almost entirely with a decision of plans for printing the sacred book of Mormon. The old edition is about exhausted and the destruction by fire of the printing plant of the church at Lamar, Ia., last January, left the saints without a means of replenishing the supply without going outside of the church circles to have the mechanical work done. There was a sentiment among many of the leaders, expressed Monday, that it would be out of the question to allow outsiders to print the book, for the reason that they might tamper with the sacred writings. After a warm debate, a motion to leave the matter to the publishing committee prevailed. The church does not make a profit upon its publications, and some of the members object to others making a profit on their works. This, coupled with the fear of an error in the printing, made the question one of great importance to the church.

OKLAHOMA STREAMS OUT.

Railway Tracks Covered and Thousands of Acres Inundated.

Huskogee, Okla., April 14.—Swollen streams are threatening the railroad and wagon bridges in Eastern Oklahoma and thousands of acres of bottom land are inundated. The Canadian, Arkansas and Verdigris are above their banks and at this point the Arkansas river has reached the highest stage since 1904.

Several miles of the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad near Melvin are covered by water and traffic has been suspended. Monday passengers were carried on handcars over a stretch of track which is several feet under water. Fear is expressed for the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad across the Canadian.

TO ENCOURAGE ENLISTMENT.

Recruiting Officers Ordered to Wear Nicest Military Apparel.

Washington, April 10.—In order to present military service in its most attractive light and in that way encourage enlistment in the army, Gen. Bell, chief of staff, has directed that all officers and enlisted men employed in the recruiting service wear their nicest military apparel, either the dress uniforms or the white uniform, according to the season. The wearing of the service uniform of olive drab by recruiting officers or men is prohibited.

Recruiting officers are reminded that neatness of dress and soldierly appearance are essential to success in recruiting and they are directed to relieve from such duty all enlisted men who are slovenly or unsoldierly in appearance.

JAPS TOURING WORLD.

Bankers and Government Officials Visit Factories in America.

Chicago, April 10.—Sixty Japanese merchants, bankers and government officials, who are making a tour of the world, arrived in Chicago Thursday night. The party left Cedar Rapids Wednesday night and stopped at Dixon and De Kalb, Ill. Thursday, where they visited factories and business establishments.

They were met at Clinton, Ill., by a delegation from the Chicago Association of Commerce, who will attend the visitors during their two days' stay in Chicago. They will leave for Niagara Falls on Sunday and will visit New York and Washington before sailing for Liverpool.

Bomb Throwers Found Guilty.

Barcelona, April 14.—Jean Rull and three of his accomplices, who had been on trial here for complicity in the recent series of bomb explosions and anarchist outrages, were Monday found guilty. Rull was sentenced to death and the others to imprisonment. The evidence adduced showed that Rull and his associates were the authors of the attempts to assassinate King Alfonso at Madrid and Paris and of various outrages in different parts of Spain.

Negro Convict Captured.

Mobile, Ala., April 10.—A long-distance telephone message to the Register from Bay Minette Thursday night says that Walter Clayton, the negro convict, who it is alleged, criminally assaulted Mrs. J. P. White, a white woman, late Saturday, and who escaped from the mob of lynchers on Sunday morning, has been located in this city. He will be taken to Bay Minette Friday.

Believed to Be Illinois Man.

St. Paul, Minn., April 14.—With the head almost severed and the arms torn from the sockets, the body of a man, apparently 30 years old, believed to be William Houser of Stonington, Ill., was picked up on the Omaha railroad tracks near Hazel Park, a suburb of this city, Monday. The man had evidently been struck by a passing train. In the man's clothing was found a receipted money order dated March 23, addressed to William Houser, Stonington, Ill. It was sent by A. D. Greenburg of Decatur, Ill.

PRAIRIES BURNING

HURON, S. D., ENTIRELY SURROUNDED BY FIRES.

HEAVY PROPERTY LOSS REPORTED

Barns, Cattle Sheds and Thousands of Tons of Hay and Grain Is Destroyed.

Huron, S. D., April 15.—This city was entirely surrounded by prairie fires Tuesday afternoon, the smoke from which was so dense that the sun was obscured and dust and ashes were driven in clouds in the high winds. The first fire came from the northeast, but the wind changed and fires soon were sweeping in from all directions. Broadland suffered the most. The Chicago & Northwestern station house, water tank and two box cars were burned; also the Atlas lumber yard and Atlas elevator containing several thousand bushels of grain. The Holland hotel and one other house also was burned. The Great Northern bridge across the Jim river, two miles northeast of this city, was badly damaged.

All buildings except the dwelling on the Morrow ranch were destroyed, together with much farm machinery. All the building on I. B. Parkhurst's farm, with implements and much grain, were burned. The schoolhouse in Grant township was destroyed. Ed Kimes' house west of this city was destroyed and Mrs. Kimes severely burned.

Barns, cattle sheds and thousands of tons of hay and grain were destroyed in every direction. No lives are known to have been lost, but many persons were more or less burned. Hundreds of men went out from here in automobiles and wagons to fight the fire.

Half a County Burned Over.

Hettingland, S. D., April 15.—Two extensive prairie fires are reported to be burning in Sully county, north of Pierre. A gale has been blowing, making it impossible to head the fires and a large area has been burned over. While it is feared that buildings and stock have been lost, it is impossible to get definite information. One of the fires started north of Okobojo, in the western part of the county, and the other north of Harrold, in the eastern part.

Chelsea Deaths Number Five.

Boston, Mass., April 15.—The remains of two persons, a man and a woman, were found Tuesday in the ruins of Sunday's fire at Chelsea. The bodies of three unknown persons had been recovered previously. It was reported Tuesday that the remains of a sixth victim had been found, but the police say that the rumor is incorrect. The bodies found Tuesday were those of Mrs. John B. Hake and Willard C. Sanborn, a carpenter. The three bodies found previously have not been identified.

Bryan Speaks at Peoria.

Peoria, Ill., April 15.—Fully 7,000 people from all parts of Central Illinois turned out to hear William J. Bryan deliver a political speech in the Coliseum Tuesday night. He said he thought he was too young to run the first time and if he were not elected soon he feared he would be too old.

CONGRESSIONAL

Vigorous support and equally vigorous denunciation of the Aldrich bill entered into Tuesday's hearing on that measure before the house committee on banking and currency. The morning session was taken up by former Comptroller of the Currency Dawes, who brought into play all his powers of argument to persuade the committee that an elastic currency emergency measure as provided in the Aldrich bill is vital to the safety of the people at this time. Argumentative tilts between Mr. Dawes and Charles Fowler and other members of the committee were frequent. The president of the National Bankers' association and a number of bankers were heard at the afternoon session.

The expected fight in the house of representatives over the question whether there shall be two or four battleships authorized for the coming year did not materialize Tuesday while the naval appropriation bill was under consideration. Instead most of the session was devoted to a lively debate in regard to the naval stations in the Philippines. The supporters of the Subig Bay station, led by Messrs. Foss and Heblson, were victorious, despite vigorous opposition from both sides of the chamber. Accordingly, the sum of \$100,000, as recommended by the committee for improving and developing the naval stations at Olongapo, Subig Bay, was allowed to stand. A special message from President Roosevelt urging four battleships was read and elicited loud applause from the advocates of the proposition.

The house of representatives Tuesday adopted the conference report on the special pension bill, granting increases of pension to widows of soldiers and sailors. The report was also adopted by the senate and now will go to the president for signature. In pursuance of their filibustering plans, the Democrats forced a roll call on the bill, although they voted as a unit for it and the report was agreed to unanimously.

Fear Stringent Laws.

Madrid, April 15.—The partisan of Premier Marra are using President Roosevelt's anti-anarchist message as an argument in favor of the new government bill imposing severe penalties against anarchists. The liberals and Republicans, although claiming that they are in favor of the suppression of anarchy, are opposing more stringent measures, fearing, they state, that the conservative government might use such laws against their political adversaries.

Congress May Adjourn May 9.

Washington, April 13.—That the present session of congress will adjourn on or about Saturday, May 9, was the prediction Sunday night of Representatives James E. Watson of Indiana, the Republican "whip" of the house. Mr. Watson bases this prediction upon information he has gathered as the result of a careful survey of the situation in the two houses of congress.

"Rookies" Sent to Cuba.

Columbus, O., April 13.—One hundred and fifty recruits at the barracks here were started to Cuba by order of the war department. No explanation is given as to why the recruits are sent to Cuba, but it is supposed that some of the soldiers there will be transferred to the United States.

Advance Price of Graves.

Suffolk, Va., April 13.—Owing to the congested state of Cedar Hill cemetery, which is owned by the town, the council increased the price of burial lots 20 per cent to residents and 100 per cent to non-residents.

500 BUILDINGS BURN

NEARLY ONE-THIRD OF CHELSEA, MASS., WIPED OUT BY BLAZE.

10,000 PEOPLE ARE HOMELESS

City Solicitor Estimates the Loss at \$10,000,000—Four Are Reported Dead and from 50 to 100 Were Injured.

Boston, April 13.—An apparently insignificant fire, which started among rags on a dump in the city of Chelsea Sunday, was fanned by a northwest gale into a conflagration which obliterated nearly one-third of the city. Five hundred dwelling houses and public buildings were destroyed, 1,500 families were driven from their habitations and 10,000 people made homeless.

Two lives are known to have been lost and at a late hour Sunday night it was reported that two other persons had perished, one a woman, having shot herself in a frenzy over her inability to save her property.

From 50 to 100 were injured. Accurate estimates of the loss were impossible, but the city solicitor estimates it at \$10,000,000.

Forty-Five-Mile Gale Blowing.

The fire raged before a 45-mile gale for more than 12 hours, defying the utmost efforts of the combined fire departments of Chelsea and several nearby cities and a large detachment of Boston firemen and apparatus.

The fire area, which was in the form of an ellipse, a mile and a half long and half a mile wide at its broadest part, extended diagonally across the city from a point near the boundary between Everett and Chelsea to the waters of Chelsea creek. It was useless for the firemen to attempt to check the onrushing flames before the gale and their main efforts were to prevent a spread of the fire on either side.

Their last stand was taken at Chelsea square late in the afternoon and for hours a doubtful battle was waged.

At 9 o'clock word was passed that the firemen were winning and with renewed energy the contest was pressed.

At 10:50 official announcement was made by Chief H. A. Spencer that the fire was under control.

Majority of Buildings Were Wood.

A great majority of the buildings were of wood and were completely destroyed, but structures of other material were almost as quickly and thoroughly incinerated.

All the banks, more than three-quarters of the churches, half of the business blocks and nearly all the schoolhouses were wiped out. One hospital and a day nursery were destroyed.

In the turmoil many of the sick and infirm found difficulty in obtaining assistance and several of them narrowly escaped.

Late in the afternoon, the wind had carried burning embers across Chelsea creek, and buildings in East Boston caught, but extensive damage was prevented there by prompt and energetic work by the firemen.

One Road to Connect Oceans.

Denver, April 13.—A project of uniting a series of connecting roads, making them as one road from the Atlantic to the Pacific, as nearly straight as possible and under one name—the Roosevelt Way—is well under way. There will be at least 550 miles from the mountains in Colorado to St. Joseph, Mo., an absolutely straight line. The project has already been endorsed by the governors of three states, the commercial bodies of five cities and the leading automobile manufacturers of the country.

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PISO'S CURE
Relieve Coughs
colds, bronchitis, whooping cough, asthma and diseases of the throat and lungs promptly by using PISO'S Cure. Its marked healing and strengthening virtues exert a highly beneficial effect upon the irritated parts, speedily removing the cause and effecting complete recovery.
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